

RSPT 307: INTERVENTIONAL PULMONOLOGY THEORY & APPLICATION

Foothill College Course Outline of Record

Heading	Value
Effective Term:	Summer 2024
Units:	5
Hours:	5 lecture per week (60 total per quarter)
Degree & Credit Status:	Degree-Applicable Credit Course
Foothill GE:	Non-GE
Transferable:	CSU
Grade Type:	Letter Grade Only
Repeatability:	Not Repeatable

Student Learning Outcomes

- The student will be able to demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of the principles and theories underlying interventional pulmonology procedures.
- The student will be able to describe the general principles of interventional pulmonology, disease specific applications, interventions and techniques.

Description

Provides the general principles of interventional pulmonology. Disease-specific application, including diagnostic and therapeutic interventions, techniques and procedures, will be introduced. Intended for students in the Respiratory Care Baccalaureate Degree Program; enrollment is limited to students accepted in the program.

Course Objectives

The student will be able to:

- Describe pulmonary diseases and disorders including their cause, clinical features, treatment, and management
- Define interventional pulmonology
- Describe the evolution of interventional pulmonology
- Describe the current and future status of interventional pulmonology
- Describe education and training in interventional pulmonology
- Define medical terminology related to interventional pulmonology procedures
- Describe patient monitoring during interventional pulmonology procedures
- Describe general infection control and universal precautions
- Describe radiation protection
- Contrast moderate and deep sedation techniques
- Understand the physiology of fixed airway obstruction
- Explain airway imaging equipment
- Describe simulation for endoscopy and bronchoscopy training

Course Content

- Pulmonary diseases
 - Restrictive vs. obstructive diseases
 - Infectious diseases
 - Interstitial lung diseases
 - Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)
 - Asthma
 - Cystic Fibrosis and related diseases
 - Pleural diseases
 - Pulmonary vascular diseases
 - Acute lung injury
 - Pulmonary edema
 - Multiple system organ failure
 - Diseases of the chest wall, including neuromuscular diseases
- Neonatal and pediatric respiratory disorders
- Lung cancer
 - Small cell lung CA
 - Non small cell lung CA
 - Adenocarcinoma
 - Squamous cell carcinoma
 - Large cell carcinoma
 - Staging of lung cancer
 - TNM Classification
 - Stages for non-small cell CA
 - Stage 0
 - Stage I
 - Stage II
 - Stage IIIA
 - Stage IIIB
 - Stage IV
 - Staging for small cell CA
 - Limited
 - Extensive
- Postoperative complications
 - Prevention
 - Management
- Interventional pulmonology
 - Definition of interventional pulmonology
- Evolution of interventional pulmonology
 - Development of interventional pulmonology
 - The development of the first endoscopes
 - The invention of bronchoscopy
 - The rigid bronchoscope
 - The flexible bronchoscope
 - Technical developments
 - Illumination
 - Documentation using media
 - Simulation models
- Current and future status of interventional pulmonology
 - Interventional pulmonology, 1980s, 1990s and 2000s
 - Future projections in interventional pulmonology
- Education and training in the field of interventional pulmonology
 - Current medical fellowship programs for pulmonologists
- Medical terminology

- a. Medicine and specialties related to interventional pulmonology
- b. Related diagnostic, therapeutic and surgical terms associated with interventional pulmonology
- c. Related body systems associated with interventional pulmonology
7. Patient monitoring
 - a. Vital signs
 - b. Review of ECG monitoring
 - c. Pulse oximetry review
 - d. Capnometry review
 - e. Hemodynamic monitoring
8. Infection control and universal precaution
 - a. Medical asepsis
 - b. Universal precautions
 - c. Isolation procedures
9. Radiation protection during procedures
 - a. Protection from radiation exposure
 - i. Aprons
 - ii. Shields
 - iii. Dosimeters
 - iv. Closing doors during procedures
 - v. Safety precautions
10. Moderate and deep sedation techniques
 - a. Analgesia
 - b. Minimal sedation
 - c. Moderate sedation
 - d. Deep sedation
 - e. General anesthesia
 - f. Mallampati classifications
 - i. Class I
 - ii. Class II
 - iii. Class III
 - iv. Class IV
 - g. Comorbidity assessments
 - i. ASA physical status
 - h. Equipment and monitors
 - i. Post-procedure recovery
 - j. Pharmacology
11. Physiology of fixed airway obstruction
 - a. Spirometry
 - b. Diagnosis
12. Airway imaging
 - a. Autofluorescence imaging (AFI)
 - b. Narrow band imaging (NBI)
 - c. Confocal microscopy
13. Simulation for endoscopy and bronchoscopy training
 - a. Simulation in bronchoscopy education
 - b. Lo-fidelity simulation
 - c. Hi-fidelity simulation
 - d. Simulation for advanced procedures

Special Facilities and/or Equipment

This course is taught fully online. Students need access to a computer with internet.

Method(s) of Evaluation

Methods of Evaluation may include but are not limited to the following:

Weekly assignments
 Weekly participation in discussion forums
 Group projects

Method(s) of Instruction

Methods of Instruction may include but are not limited to the following:

Instructor-led weekly discussion forums
 Lectures
 Instructor-led group projects

Representative Text(s) and Other Materials

Ernst and Herth. Principles and Practice of Interventional Pulmonology. 2013.

Despite being older than five years, this is a seminal textbook in this area of study.

Types and/or Examples of Required Reading, Writing, and Outside of Class Assignments

1. Weekly reading from the textbook
2. Cooperative learning exercises
3. Online content

Discipline(s)

Respiratory Technologies

Lab Content

Not applicable.