

# ENGL 16H: HONORS INTRODUCTION TO LITERATURE

## Foothill College Course Outline of Record

Heading	Value
<b>Effective Term:</b>	Summer 2025
<b>Units:</b>	4
<b>Hours:</b>	4 lecture per week (48 total per quarter)
<b>Prerequisite:</b>	One of the following: ENGL 1A or 1AH or ESLL 26.
<b>Advisory:</b>	Not open to students with credit in ENGL 16.
<b>Degree &amp; Credit Status:</b>	Degree-Applicable Credit Course
<b>Foothill GE:</b>	Area 3: Arts & Humanities
<b>Transferable:</b>	CSU/UC
<b>Grade Type:</b>	Letter Grade Only
<b>Repeatability:</b>	Not Repeatable

## Student Learning Outcomes

- A successful student will be able to read literary texts of various genres and subsequently actively and critically assess those works for denotative and connotative meaning, structure and development, and connections between literal and figurative detail.
- A successful student will demonstrate understanding of key literary theoretical concepts and will effectively apply those theories to the critical reading of literary texts.
- Students will demonstrate (verbally and in writing) competent analysis, or "close reading," of literary texts.

## Description

Introduction to literary study through texts from a wide range of genres, including poetry, drama, fiction, and creative nonfiction. Focus on analytical reading and literary analysis, including effective use of critical theory and secondary source research. Intended for students desiring further development of literary analytical skills and literary appreciation. As an honors course, students will engage in more rigorous critical analyses and deeper exploration of historical and cultural contexts and critical theory, leading to more complex arguments about literary texts.

## Course Objectives

The student will be able to:

1. Read a text actively and critically.
2. Identify key elements of major genres in order to analyze and interpret texts.
3. Define common literary terms and apply these to analysis of texts.
4. Define common critical theoretical concepts and apply these to sophisticated analysis of texts.
5. Interpret literary works within relevant racial, ethnic, gender, class, aesthetic, historical, and cultural contexts, including examination of the complex intersectionality of these categories.

6. Compose formal literary analysis essays demonstrating appropriate academic language and scholarly rigor.
7. Research appropriate secondary sources and integrate those into literary analyses without plagiarism.
8. Demonstrate appropriate formatting and documentation.

## Course Content

1. Active, critical reading of literary texts
  - a. Denotative and connotative meaning of words and statements
  - b. Structure or development of events, emotions, images, and ideas
  - c. Figurative and symbolic language in relation to central theme(s) of the work
  - d. Artistic synthesis of literal and figurative details with theme(s)
2. Identification of key elements of major genres
  - a. Poetry
  - b. Short story
  - c. Novel
  - d. Drama
  - e. Creative nonfiction
  - f. Experimental genres
3. Literary terms
  - a. Poetic structures (e.g., stanza, meter)
  - b. Symbolic language (e.g., metaphor, synecdoche)
  - c. Narrative devices (e.g., unreliable narrator)
  - d. Structural devices (e.g., epigraphs, paragraphing)
  - e. Voice
4. Critical theoretical concepts, such as:
  - a. Historical contexts
  - b. Gender studies
  - c. Queer theories
  - d. Psychological theories (Freudian, Jungian)
  - e. Marxian theories
  - f. Ethnic and racial theories
  - g. Postcolonial studies
  - h. Intersectionality
  - i. Critical Disabilities studies
5. Racial, ethnic, gender, class, aesthetic, historical, and cultural contexts
  - a. African American, Latino/a, Asian/Pacific Islander, Native American, Arab/Muslim, and multiethnic representations
  - b. Issues of gender, gender identity, and sexuality
  - c. Socioeconomic diversity
  - d. Aesthetic movements as contexts for the text
  - e. Historical and cultural influences (such as religious/spiritual) upon texts
6. Formal, scholarly literary analysis essays
  - a. Development and delivery of a clear literary analysis thesis
  - b. Effective use of textual evidence
  - c. Comparisons among texts within and across genres
  - d. Stylistic conventions of literary analysis
  - e. Attention to scholarly language
7. Research

- a. Navigation of research databases and print archives
  - b. Evaluation of sources and identification of those scholarly
  - c. Critical reading of research sources
8. Formatting and documentation
- a. Modern Language Association (MLA)
  - b. American Psychological Association (APA)

## Lab Content

Not applicable.

## Special Facilities and/or Equipment

1. When taught on campus, no special facility or equipment needed.
2. When taught virtually, ongoing access to a computer with LMS-compatible software and internet browser.

## Method(s) of Evaluation

Methods of Evaluation may include but are not limited to the following:

Formal essays

Informal writing projects, such as journal entries, reader responses

In-class examinations

Class participation, student presentations

Feedback on tests and assignments delivered electronically, class discussion via web devices

## Method(s) of Instruction

Methods of Instruction may include but are not limited to the following:

Reading literary texts

Lectures on texts and their historical and social contexts

Class discussion

Small group projects and presentations

Analytical writing projects

## Representative Text(s) and Other Materials

Abcarian, Richard, Marvin Klotz, and Samuel Cohen, eds.. Literature: The Human Experience, Reading and Writing. 2018.

Barry, Peter. Beginning Theory: An Introduction to Literary and Cultural Theory. 2018.

Barnet, Sylvan, William E. Burton, and William E. Cain, eds.. Literature for Composition: An Introduction to Literature. 2016.

Bronner, Stephen Eric. Critical Theory: A Very Short Introduction. 2017.

Griffith, Kelley. Writing Essays about Literature. 2013.

Mays, Kelly J.. The Norton Introduction to Literature. 2021.

Meyer, Michael, ed.. The Bedford Introduction to Literature: Reading, Writing, Thinking. 2019.

Doerr, Anthony. The Shell Collector: Short Stories. 2011.

Marmon Silko, Leslie. Storyteller. 1981.

Wilson, August. Fences. 1986.

Hwang, David Henry. M. Butterfly. 1988.

Morrison, Tony. Beloved. 1987.

Hernandez Cruz, Victor. Maraca: New and Selected Poems. 2001.

Hughes, Langston. The Collected Poems of Langston Hughes. 1994.

Although some of these texts are older than the suggested "5 years or newer" standard, they remain seminal texts in this area of study. Literature is a discipline that uses both older and contemporary texts.

Individual instructors may select from any appropriate anthologies or single-author texts.

## Types and/or Examples of Required Reading, Writing, and Outside of Class Assignments

1. Reading and analyzing literary texts
2. Formal essays
3. Informal writing projects, such as journal entries, reader responses
4. In-class examinations
5. Class participation, student presentations

## Discipline(s)

English